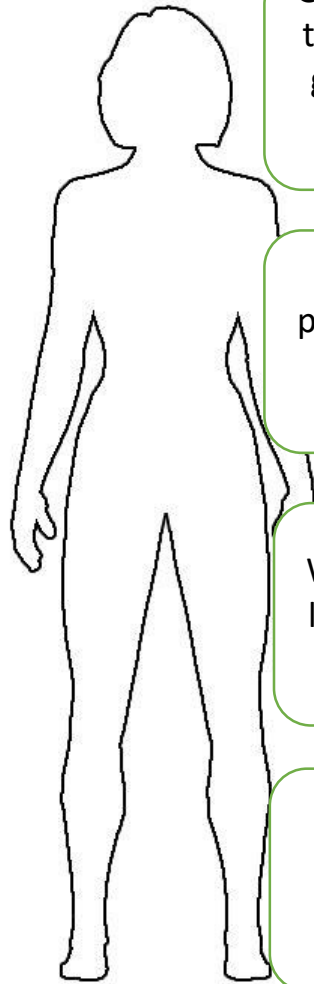


Differences between...



Girls more likely to achieve high grades 24% vs boys 17% at GCSE

Women get paid on average 18% less than males

Women are less likely to be MPs (1:3 is female)

Only 1 in 4 CEOs are female in the UK

Sex refers to the biological differences between men and women. This is based on physical and anatomical attributes such as chromosomes and genitalia. It is an ascribed status given at birth.

Gender, in comparison is the socially constructed attributes that determine whether somebody is masculine or feminine. It is more flexible than sex and is often determined by social norms

Feminists are the most prominent sociologists in examining the way in which society treats people differently based upon their gender assignment. There are several trends between genders that sociologists examine:

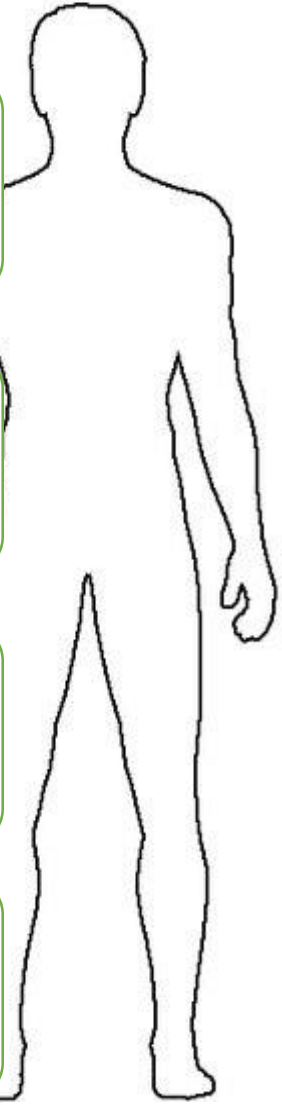
- Representations of masculinity and femininity in the media
- Inequality in the workplace between males and females
- Inequality in gender roles in the family: decision making, childcare, domestic labour and emotional work
- Disparities between males and females in terms of crime, educational achievement and mental health.

Males slightly less likely to be employed than females

Boys less likely to achieve 5 passing grades at GCSEs

Males 4 times more likely to commit suicide than females

80% of crimes committed by males



sex and gender